Advanced Trig Ratios Regents Practice

1. If $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ and θ is in Quadrant III, then $\sin \theta$ is equivalent to

1)
$$-\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

3)
$$-\frac{5}{4}$$

2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

4)
$$\frac{5}{4}$$

2. If the terminal side of angle θ , in standard position, passes through point (-4, 3), what is the numerical value of $\sin \theta$?

1)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

$$(3) - \frac{3}{5}$$

2)
$$\frac{4}{5}$$

$$4)-\frac{4}{5}$$

3 A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 10 units. The terminal side of an angle, θ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant II at point C. The y-coordinate of point C is 8. What is the value of $\cos \theta$?

1)
$$-\frac{3}{5}$$

3)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

$$(2) - \frac{3}{4}$$

4)
$$\frac{4}{5}$$

4. Given $\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$, where θ is an angle in standard position terminating in quadrant IV, and $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$, what is the value of $\tan \theta$?

1)
$$-\frac{24}{25}$$

3)
$$\frac{2^4}{2^4}$$

$$-\frac{24}{7}$$

5. Given that $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ and $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$, what is a possible value of $\cos \theta$?

1)
$$\frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

3)
$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

4)
$$\frac{\sqrt{35}}{5}$$

- 6. Given $\cos A = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ and $\cot A = -3$, determine the value of $\sin A$ in radical form.
- 7. An angle, θ , is in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point (2,-1). Find the exact value of $\sin \theta$.

- 8. A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 4 units. The terminal side of an angle, θ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant III at point P. The x-coordinate of point P is 2. What is the value of $\cos \theta$?
- 9. The terminal side of θ , an angle in standard position, intersects the unit circle at $P\left[-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}\right]$.

What is the value of $\sec \theta$?

3)
$$-\frac{1}{3}$$

2)
$$-\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{8}$$

3)
$$-\frac{1}{3}$$
4) $-\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}$

10. Point $M\left(t, \frac{4}{7}\right)$ is located in the second quadrant on the unit circle. Determine the exact value of t.