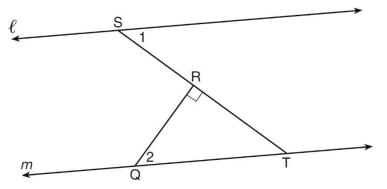
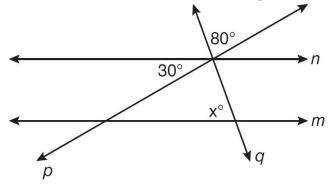
Name _____ Mr. Schlansky Date _____ Geometry

Parallel Lines With Triangles

1. In the diagram below, $\ell \parallel m$ and $\overline{QR} \perp \overline{ST}$ If $m \angle 1 = 63$, find $m \angle 2$.

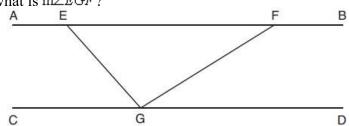


2. In the diagram below, lines *n* and *m* are cut by transversals *p* and *q*. What value of *x* would make lines *n* and *m* parallel?

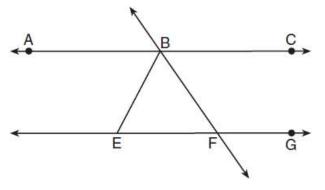


3. In the diagram below, $\overline{AEFB} \| \overline{CGD}$, and \overline{GE} and \overline{GF} are drawn. If $m \angle EFG = 32^{\circ}$ and $m \angle AEG = 137^{\circ}$, what is $m \angle EGF$? 1) 11° 2) 43° 3) 75°

4) 105°



4. As shown in the diagram below, $\overrightarrow{ABC} \parallel \overrightarrow{EFG}$ and $\overrightarrow{BF} \cong \overrightarrow{EF}$. If $m \angle CBF = 42.5^\circ$, find $m \angle EBF$.



5. In the diagram below, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{DEF}$, \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at $C, m \angle B = 43^{\circ}$, and $m \angle CEF = 152^{\circ}$.

Which statement is true? 1) $m\angle D = 28^{\circ}$ 2) $m\angle A = 43^{\circ}$ 3) $m\angle ACD = 71^{\circ}$ 4) $m\angle BCE = 109^{\circ}$ D

6. In the diagram below, \overline{DE} divides \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} proportionally, $m\angle C = 26^{\circ}$, $m\angle A = 82^{\circ}$, and \overline{DF} bisects $\angle BDE$.

3) 72°

The measure of angle DFB is

- 1) 36°
- 2) 54° 4) 82°

